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## Supplement of

## Short- and long-term temperature responses of soil denitrifier net $N_2O$ efflux rates, inter-profile $N_2O$ dynamics, and microbial genetic potentials

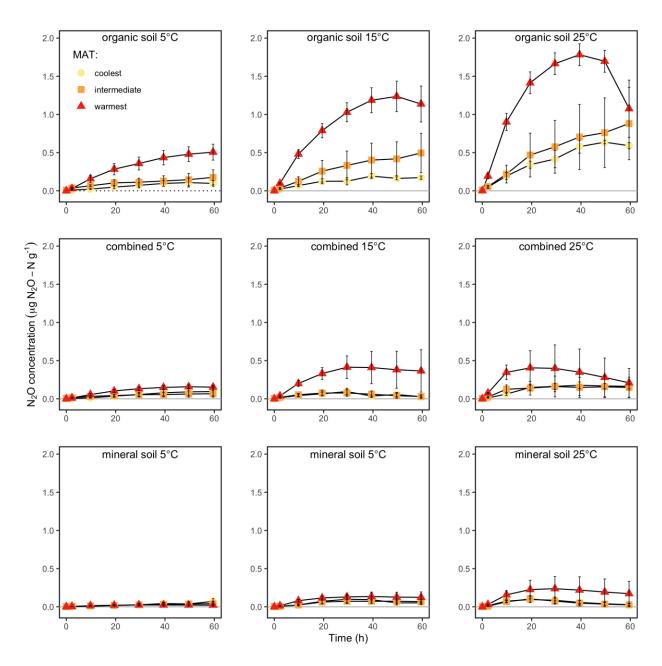
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- 1 Table S1. Primer sequences tested in this study for successful amplification with PCR. Bolded primers were successfully amplified
- and selected to assess denitrification functional gene abundance (qPCR) across the three boreal forest regions along a latitudinal
- 3 transect.

Gene	Primer	Sequence (5' to 3')	Reference
Nitrite reductase (NO <sub>2</sub> - to NO)	nirK-876F	ATY GGC GGV AYG GCG A	Henry et al. 2004
nirK	nirK-1040R	GCC TCG ATC AGR TTR TGG TT	
Nitrite reductase (NO <sub>2</sub> - to NO)	nirS-cd3aF	GTS AAC GTS AAG GAR ACS GG	Throbäck et al., 2004
nirS	nirS-R3cd	GAS TTC GGR TGS GTC TTG	
Nitric oxide reductase (NO to N₂O)	cnorB2F	GAC AAG NNN TAC TGG TGG T	Braker and Tiedje, 2003
norB	cnorB7R	TGN CCR TGN GCN GCN GT	
Nitric oxide reductase (NO to N₂O)	nosZ-F	CGY TGT TCM TCG ACA GCC AG	Röche et al., 2002
nosZ	nosZ-R	CAT GTG CAG NGC RTG GCA GAA	
Nitrous oxide reductase (N₂O to N₂)	nosZ-II-F	CTI GGI CCI YTK CAY AC	Jones et al., 2013
nosZ II	nosZ-II-R	GCI GAR CAR AAI TCB GTR C	



**Figure S1.**  $N_2O$ -N concentrations in the headspace of organic, mineral, and combined profiles from three boreal forest regions during a 60-hr incubation at 5, 15, and 25°C. 'Combined' refers to incubations with organic and mineral soil in the same jar, physically isolated but with shared headspace. 'MAT' = mean annual temperature; the 'coolest' region is the Eagle River watershed (northern boreal), the 'intermediate' region is the Salmon River watershed (mid-boreal), and the 'warmest' region is the Grand Codroy watershed (southern boreal). See text for description of sites. Values provided as the mean  $\pm$  one standard error (n=3).